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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|
| . 10/728,066 | 12/03/2003 | Athur C. Perry | 1987.1-7 (040020) | 7966 | |
| 24243 | 24243 7590 11/22/2006 | | | EXAMINER | |
| | SON, BUCHACA & I | BLANCO, | BLANCO, JAVIER G | | |
| | CIRCLE SOUTH, SUIT , CA 92108-3426 | TE 150 | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| | | | 3738 | | |

DATE MAILED: 11/22/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| | | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|
| | | 10/728,066 | PERRY ET AL. | | | |
| | Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | |
| _ | · · · | Javier G. Blanco | 3738 | | | |
| | The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply | | | | | |
| WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failui Any r | DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF HEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING sisions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri- te to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by sta- eply received by the Office later than three months after the ma- ad patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tire of will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from tute, cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | |
| Status | | | | | | |
| Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>23 October 2006</u>. This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | |
| 4) Claim(s) 1-29 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 11 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-10 and 12-29 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. | | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | |
| 10) | The specification is objected to by the Exam The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to t Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr The oath or declaration is objected to by the | accepted or b) objected to by the he drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se rection is required if the drawing(s) is objected to by the | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | |
| Priority u | inder 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | |
| 2) Notice 3) Information | t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date | 4) Interview Summan Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other: | Date | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on October 23, 2006 has been entered.

Response to Amendment

2. Applicants' amendment of claims 1, 2, 7, 17, 18, 20, 22, 23, and 29 in the reply filed on October 23, 2006 is acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1-10, 12-19, and 22-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Perry (WO 94/14390 A1).

Referring to Figures 1, 3, and 4, Perry discloses an orbital implant comprising:

(i) a substantially spheroid body *sized and shaped to be placed* (emphasis added to functional language) in the orbit;

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(ii) a coating ("coated" or "wrapped": see page 5, lines 23-29; page 13, line 34 to page 14, line 2) sized and shaped to intimately contact (emphasis added to functional language) a section of said body; and wherein said coating has a first portion having a first bioabsorbability and a second portion having a second bioabsorbability different from said first bioabsorbability. The orbital implant may be coated/impregnated with a first bioabsorbable portion/material (e.g., a vascularization agent) prior to (see page 16, lines 31-35; page 17, lines 4-6) or after (see page 17, lines 7-13) applying a second bioabsorbable portion/material (e.g., collagen, polyglycolic acid, or polylactic acid coating/wrapping), which subject matter is not only well known in the art but is further disclosed at page 22, lines 4-14. The vascularization agent coating/wrapping will have a bioabsorbability rate/property. The biopolymer (e.g., collagen, polyglycolic acid, or polylactic acid) coating/wrapping will have a bioabsorbability rate/property different that the one from the vascularization agent coating/wrapping.

The bioabsorbable (see page 12, lines 5-26) coating/wrapping materials are disclosed as not causing undue adverse immune response (see page 11, lines 19-24). The coating/wrapping may further include therapeutic agents (see page 13, lines 7-8; page 14, lines 14-29), color-coding indicia (see page 22, lines 15-18), passageways *sized to allow* (emphasis added to functional language) fluid exchange therethrough (see page 16, lines 25-29; page 23, lines 34-37; page 28, lines 19-23), a surface having microtexturing (see page 14, lines 31-36; page 24, lines 14-15) and/or an outer surface which is smoother that a first surface (see page 12, lines 27-29; page 14, lines 31-36; page 24, lines 15-17), a thickness of less than one millimeter (see page 12, lines 27-29), and a thickness *selected to allow melting penetration* (emphasis added to functional language) using a handheld cautery (see page 29, lines 11-14).

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The two coatings/wrappings are "separate" since they are not blended/mixed. Chemical and/or molecular bonds keep said first and second portions/materials bonded. Also, the two coatings/wrappings are "separate" since they are coated/wrapped at different time frames. Each of said coatings/wrappings will be covering (directly or <u>indirectly</u>) first and second outer surface sections of the porous core.

Response to Arguments

5. With regards to claims 1 and 22, Applicant's arguments filed October 23, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The Applicants argue that Perry does not disclose first and second "external" portions each having a different bioabsorbability rate from the other. However, none of independent claims 1 and 22 claim the two coating portions as "external" or "exposed". As previously indicated, each of Perry's coatings/wrappings will be covering (directly or <u>indirectly</u>) first and second outer surface sections of the porous core.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 20, 21, and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Perry (WO 94/14390 A1) in view of Ragheb et al. (WO 98/36784 A1).

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Perry discloses the invention as claimed (see 102(b) rejection above) except for particularly disclosing the coating as comprising first and second "exposed" portions each having a different bioabsorbability rate from the other. However, implants/prostheses comprising two or more external coatings are already known in the art. For example, Ragheb et al. disclose a prosthesis (see Figure 6B; see page 27, lines 5-13) having a first coating of a first bioactive substance (layer 18) deposited/disposed along an outer first segment (one half of the prosthesis), and a second coating of a different second bioactive substance (layer 18') deposited/disposed along a second outer segment (the other half of the prosthesis). The first therapeutic drug/agent could be in the same or different class of therapeutic substance than the second therapeutic drug/agent (see pages 12-15; page 24, lines 3-5). Examples of therapeutic drugs/agents are disclosed at pages 12-15. The two coatings are external/exposed to the outer surface of the prosthesis in order to deliver two agents/drugs to the tissue to which the particular surface of the prosthesis is exposed (see page 27, lines 5-13). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have combined the teaching of a prosthesis having two coatings external/exposed to the outer surface of the prosthesis, as taught by Ragheb et al., with the prosthesis or Perry, in order to deliver two agents/drugs to the tissue to which the particular surface of the prosthesis is exposed.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Javier G. Blanco whose telephone number is 571-272-4747. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9:30 a.m.-7:00 p.m.), first Friday of the bi-week off.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Corrine McDermott can be reached on (571) 272-4754. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300 for regular communications and After Final communications. Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0858.

JGB

November 14, 2006

David H. Willse Primary Examiner